

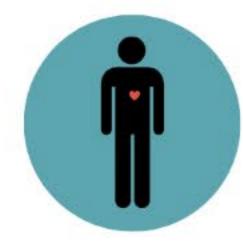
A new method to improve monitoring of mechanically-ventilated patients in intensive care.

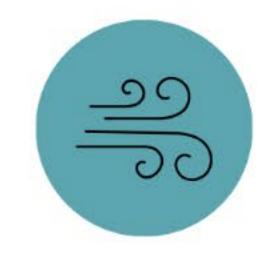


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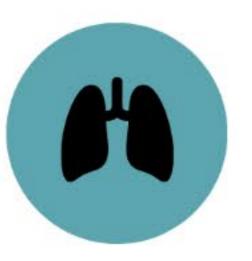
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WHAT IS THE BENEFIT VERSUS RISK OF MECHANICAL VENTILATION IN INTENSIVE CARE?









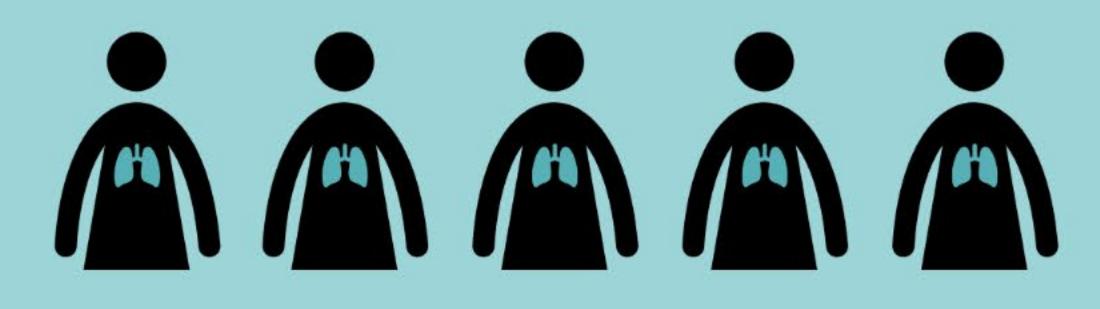


Life-saving intervention

Breathing support

Lung injury

Longer hospital stay



POORLY TIMED MECHANICALLY ASSISTED BREATHS are associated with a 5-fold increase in intensive care mortality²



New technology to evaluate the nature and frequency of timing problems

Total asynchrony
Ineffective triggering
Auto-triggering
Double triggering

Premature cycling

0 2.5

Initial tests in 8 patients
detected poorly matched
timing of ventilator
support relative to patients
own breathing effort.²

5 % of breaths

7.5

10

IMPLEMENTATION STEPS TO DETECT TIMING PROBLEMS



Small-scale physiology tests



Feedback for engineering refinements



Feedback for clinical research use



ICU clinical data collection



Data analysis to assess clinical utility



Improved detection and monitoring of timing problems between patient and ventilator will provide new insights into associated poor outcomes in ICU patients.

REFERENCES

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